CLAIMS

 A cold cathode field emission display comprising a cathode panel having a plurality of cold cathode field emission devices and an anode panel which are bonded to each other in their circumferential portions,

wherein:

the anode panel comprises a substrate, a phosphor layer formed on the substrate, one electric supply line, and an anode electrode formed on the phosphor layer,

the anode electrode is constituted of anode electrode units in the number of N $(N\geq 2)$,

each anode electrode unit is connected to an anode-electrode control circuit through said electric supply line, and

 $V_A/L_g < 1$ (kV/ μm) is satisfied in which V_A (unit:kilovolt) is a voltage difference between an output voltage of the anode-electrode control circuit and a voltage applied to the cold cathode field emission device, and L_g (unit: μm) is a gap length between the anode electrode units.

2. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 1, wherein:

a gap is provided between each anode electrode unit and the electric supply line, and

each anode electrode unit and the electric supply line are connected through a resistance element.

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3. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 2, wherein the electric supply line is constituted of electric supply line units in the number of M (2≤M≤N) connected in series through second resistance elements and one electric supply line unit is connected to one or at least two anode electrode units.

- 4. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 1, wherein a stripe-shaped transparent electrode connected to the anode-electrode control circuit is formed between the phosphor layer and the substrate.
- 5. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 4, wherein:
 a plurality of unit phosphor layers, each constituting one picture element, are arranged in the form of a straight line and

a stripe-shaped transparent electrode connected to the anode-electrode control circuit is formed between a column constituted of a plurality of the unit phosphor layers arranged in the form of a straight line and the substrate.

- 6. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 1, wherein when the distance between 20 the anode electrode unit and the cold cathode field emission device is d (unit:mm) and when the anode electrode unit has an area S (unit:mm²), (V_A/7)² x (S/d) ≤ 2250 is satisfied.
- 25 7. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 1, wherein a resistance layer is formed between the anode electrode units.
- 8. The cold cathode field emission display
 30 according to claim 7, wherein that edge portion of each
 anode electrode unit which does not face the adjacent
 anode electrode unit is covered with a resistance layer.
- 9. The cold cathode field emission display 35 according to claim 7, wherein:

a gap is provided between each anode electrode unit and the electric supply line, and

each anode electrode unit and the electric supply line are connected through a resistance element.

10. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 9, wherein the electric supply line is constituted of electric supply line units in the number of M (2≤M≤N) connected in series through second resistance elements and one electric supply line unit is connected to one or at least two anode electrode units.

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- 11. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 7, wherein a stripe-shaped transparent electrode connected to the anode-electrode control circuit is formed between the phosphor layer and the substrate.
- 12. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 11, wherein:
 a plurality of unit phosphor layers, each constituting
 20 one picture element, are arranged in the form of a straight line and

a stripe-shaped transparent electrode connected to the anode-electrode control circuit is formed between a column constituted of a plurality of 25 the unit phosphor layers arranged in the form of a straight line and the substrate.

- 13. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 7, wherein when the distance between 30 the anode electrode unit and the cold cathode field emission device is d (unit:mm) and when the anode electrode unit has an area S (unit:mm²), (V_A/7)² x (S/d) ≤ 2250 is satisfied.
- 35 14. A cold cathode field emission display comprising a cathode panel having a plurality of cold cathode field emission devices and an anode panel which

are bonded to each other in their circumferential portions,

wherein:

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the anode panel comprises a substrate, a
5 phosphor layer formed on the substrate, one electric
supply line, and an anode electrode formed on the
phosphor layer,

the anode electrode is constituted of anode electrode units in the number of N $(N\geq 2)$,

each anode electrode unit is connected to an anode-electrode control circuit through said electric supply line, and

 $(V_A/7)^2 \times (S/d) \le 2250$ is satisfied in which d (unit:mm) is a distance between the anode electrode unit and the cold cathode field emission device, and S (unit:mm²) is an area of the anode electrode unit.

- 15. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 14, wherein:
- a gap is provided between each anode electrode unit and the electric supply line, and

each anode electrode unit and the electric supply line are connected through a resistance element.

- 25 16. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 15, wherein the electric supply line is constituted of electric supply line units in the number of M (2≤M≤N) connected in series through second resistance elements and one electric supply line unit is 30 connected to one or at least two anode electrode units.
- 17. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 14, wherein a stripe-shaped transparent electrode connected to the anode-electrode control circuit is formed between the phosphor layer and the substrate.

18. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 17, wherein:
a plurality of unit phosphor layers, each constituting one picture element, are arranged in the form of a straight line and

a stripe-shaped transparent electrode connected to the anode-electrode control circuit is formed between a column constituted of a plurality of the unit phosphor layers arranged in the form of a straight line and the substrate.

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- 19. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 14, wherein a resistance layer is formed between the anode electrode units.
- 20. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 19, wherein that edge portion of each anode electrode unit which does not face the adjacent anode electrode unit is covered with a resistance layer.

21. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 19, wherein:

a gap is provided between each anode electrode unit and the electric supply line, and

- each anode electrode unit and the electric supply line are connected through a resistance element.
- 22. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 21, wherein the electric supply line 30 is constituted of electric supply line units in the number of M (2≤M≤N) connected in series through second resistance elements and one electric supply line unit is connected to one or at least two anode electrode units.
- 35 23. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 19, wherein a stripe-shaped transparent electrode connected to the anode-electrode

control circuit is formed between the phosphor layer and the substrate.

24. The cold cathode field emission display
5 according to claim 23, wherein:
a plurality of unit phosphor layers, each constituting
one picture element, are arranged in the form of a
straight line and

a stripe-shaped transparent electrode
10 connected to the anode-electrode control circuit is
formed between a column constituted of a plurality of
the unit phosphor layers arranged in the form of a
straight line and the substrate.

15 25. A cold cathode field emission display comprising a cathode panel having a plurality of cold cathode field emission devices and an anode panel which are bonded to each other in their circumferential portions,

wherein:

the anode panel comprises a substrate, a phosphor layer formed on the substrate, and an anode electrode formed on the phosphor layer,

the anode electrode is constituted of anode 25 electrode units in the number of N $(N\geq 2)$,

a resistance layer is formed between the anode electrode units,

one anode electrode unit is connected to an anode-electrode control circuit, and

 $V_A/L_g < 1 \ (kV/\mu m)$ is satisfied in which V_A (unit:kilovolt) is a voltage difference between an output voltage of the anode-electrode control circuit and a voltage applied to the cold cathode field emission device, and L_g (unit: μm) is a gap length between the anode electrode units.

26. The cold cathode field emission display

according to claim 25, wherein a stripe-shaped transparent electrode connected to the anode-electrode control circuit is formed between the phosphor layer and the substrate.

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27. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 26, wherein: a plurality of unit phosphor layers, each constituting one picture element, are arranged in the form of a straight line and

a stripe-shaped transparent electrode connected to the anode-electrode control circuit is formed between a column constituted of a plurality of the unit phosphor layers arranged in the form of a straight line and the substrate.

- 28. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 25, wherein when the distance between the anode electrode unit and the cold cathode field emission device is d (unit:mm) and when the anode electrode unit has an area S (unit:mm²), (V_A/7)² x (S/d) ≤ 2250 is satisfied.
- 29. The cold cathode field emission display
 25 according to claim 25, wherein that edge portion of each
 anode electrode unit which does not face the adjacent
 anode electrode unit is covered with a resistance layer.
- 30. A cold cathode field emission display
 30 comprising a cathode panel having a plurality of cold
 cathode field emission devices and an anode panel which
 are bonded to each other in their circumferential
 portions,

wherein:

the anode panel comprises a substrate, a phosphor layer formed on the substrate, and an anode electrode formed on the phosphor layer,

the anode electrode is constituted of anode electrode units in the number of N $(N\geq 2)$,

a resistance layer is formed between the anode electrode units,

one anode electrode unit is connected to an anode-electrode control circuit,

 $(V_A/7)^2 \times (S/d) \le 2250$ is satisfied in which d (unit:mm) is a distance between the anode electrode unit and the cold cathode field emission device, and S (unit:mm²) is an area of the anode electrode unit.

- 31. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 30, wherein a stripe-shaped transparent electrode connected to the anode-electrode control circuit is formed between the phosphor layer and the substrate.
 - 32. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 31, wherein:
- 20 a plurality of unit phosphor layers, each constituting one picture element, are arranged in the form of a straight line and

a stripe-shaped transparent electrode connected to the anode-electrode control circuit is formed between a column constituted of a plurality of the unit phosphor layers arranged in the form of a straight line and the substrate.

- 33. The cold cathode field emission display
 30 according to claim 30, wherein that edge portion of each
 anode electrode unit which does not face the adjacent
 anode electrode unit is covered with a resistance layer.
- 34. A cold cathode field emission display
 35 comprising a cathode panel having a plurality of cold cathode field emission devices and an anode panel which are bonded to each other in their circumferential

portions,

wherein:

the anode panel comprises a substrate, a phosphor layer formed on the substrate, and an anode electrode formed on the phosphor layer,

the anode electrode is constituted of anode electrode units in the number of N (N \geq 2), and

each anode electrode unit has a size that inhibits energy generated by a discharge taking place between the anode electrode unit and the cold cathode field emission device from vaporizing the anode electrode unit locally.

- 35. The cold cathode field emission display
 according to claim 34, wherein the anode electrode unit
 has a size that inhibits energy generated by a discharge
 taking place between the anode electrode unit and the
 cold cathode field emission device from vaporizing a
 portion of the anode electrode unit which portion has a
 20 size equivalent to one subpixel.
 - 36. The cold cathode field emission display according to claim 34, wherein a resistance layer is formed between the anode electrode units.

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